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**No.14/47/2016-DGAD**

**Government of India**

**Department of Commerce**

**Ministry of Commerce & Industry**

**(Directorate General of Anti-Dumping & Allied Duties)**

**4th Floor, Jeevan Tara Building, 5 Parliament Street, New Delhi -110001**

**Dated 17th March, 2017**

**Case NO. OI 17/2017**

**INITIATION NOTIFICATION**

**Subject: Anti-dumping investigation concerning imports of Phosphorus Pentoxide or P2O5, originating in or exported from China PR**

F.NO 14/47/2016-DGAD : M/s Sandhya Dyes & Chemicals Ltd (hereinafter referred to as the applicant/domestic industry/petitioner) have filed an application/petition before the Designated Authority (hereinafter also referred to as the Authority) in accordance with the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 as amended from time to time (hereinafter also referred to as the Act) and Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and Collection of Anti Dumping Duty on Dumped articles and for Determination of injury) Rules, 1995 as amended from time to time (hereinafter also referred to as the Rules) for initiation of anti-dumping investigation and imposition of anti dumping duty concerning imports of Phosphorus Pentoxide (hereinafter also referred to as the subject goods), originating in or exported from China PR (hereinafter also referred to as the subject country).

2. And whereas, the Authority prima facie finds that sufficient evidence of dumping of the subject goods, originating in or exported from the subject country, 'injury' to the domestic industry and causal link between the alleged dumping and 'injury' exist to justify initiation of an anti-dumping investigation; the Authority hereby initiates an investigation into the alleged dumping, and consequent injury to the domestic industry in

terms of Rule 5 of the Rules, to determine the existence, degree and effect of alleged dumping and to recommend the quantum of antidumping duty, which if levied, would be adequate to remove the 'injury' to the domestic industry.

#### **A. Domestic Industry & Standing**

3. The petition has been filed M/s Sandhya Dyes & Chemicals Ltd by as the domestic industry of the subject goods in India.
4. As per the evidence available on record, the production of the applicant company constitutes "a major proportion" of the domestic production since it is the sole producer of the subject goods in the Country. The Authority, therefore, determines that the applicant company constitutes eligible domestic industry within the meaning of Rule 2 (b) of the Anti Dumping Rules and the application satisfies the criteria of standing in terms of Rule 5 (3) of the Rules supra.

#### **B. Product under Consideration**

5. The product under consideration for the purpose of present investigation is "Phosphorous Pentoxide".
6. P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> is also known as Diphosphorous Pentoxide, Phosphorus(V) oxide, Phosphoric anhydride, Tetraphosphorus decaoxide, Tetraphosphorus decoxide. Phosphorus pentoxide is a white, microcrystalline, light weight powder which is produced by the combustion of elemental phosphorus in an excess of oxygen. Phosphorus pentoxide is the anhydride of orthophosphoric acid, H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>. It is very hygroscopic and is converted by water to H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> via intermediates.
7. The product under consideration is classified under Chapter 28 of the Customs Tariff Act. The PUC has a specific HS code 28091000 under Chapter 28 of Customs Tariff Act, 1975. The customs classification is indicative only and in no way it is binding upon the product scope.
8. For the purpose of analyzing the imports data, the Authority has relied upon transaction wise DGCI&S data.

### **C. Like Article**

9. The applicant has claimed that there is no known difference between the subject goods exported from subject country and that produced by the domestic industry. As submitted by the applicant, the product under consideration produced by the domestic industry and imported from subject country are comparable in terms of essential product characteristics such as physical & chemical characteristics, manufacturing process & technology, functions & uses, product specifications, pricing, distribution & marketing and tariff classification of the goods. Consumers can use and are using the two interchangeably. The applicant has further claimed that two are technically and commercially substitutable and, hence, should be treated as 'like article' under the Rules. Therefore, for the purpose of the present investigation, the Authority treats the subject goods produced by the applicants in India as 'Like Article' to the subject goods being imported from the subject country/territory.

### **D. Country involved**

10. The present investigation is in respect of alleged dumping of the product under consideration from China PR (referred to as the "subject country").

### **E. Normal Value**

11. The petitioners have submitted that in the absence of availability of reliable information in the public domain on domestic prices of the subject goods in the subject countries the Normal values in the subject countries have been estimated on the basis of cost of production; taking into account prevailing international prices of raw materials and cost of utilities in subject countries, conversion costs of the domestic industry, duly adjusted on account of selling, general & administration expenses, plus reasonable profit.

### **F. Export Price**

12. The export price has been claimed by the applicants as the weighted average import price from subject country based on the transaction-wise import data obtained from a secondary source, IBIS. Price adjustments have been made on account of Ocean Freight, Marine

insurance, Commission, Inland Freight expenses, Port expenses and Bank charges to arrive at the net export price at ex-factory level.

**G. Dumping Margin**

13. The normal value has been compared with the export price at ex-factory level. There is sufficient prima facie evidence that the normal value of the subject goods in the subject country are higher than the ex-factory export price, indicating, that the subject goods are being dumped into the Indian market by the exporters from the subject country. The dumping margins are estimated to be above de minimis.

**H. Injury and Causal Link**

14. Information furnished by the applicant has been considered for assessment of injury to the domestic industry. The applicant has furnished evidence regarding the injury having taken place as a result of the alleged dumping in the form of increased volume of dumped imports in absolute terms and in relation to production and consumption, price undercutting, price underselling and consequent significant adverse impact in terms of decline in production, sales, market share, inventories. There is sufficient prima facie evidence of the ‘material injury’ being suffered by the domestic industry caused by dumped imports from subject country to justify initiation of an antidumping investigation.

**I. Period of Investigation**

15. The Period of Investigation (POI) proposed by the applicant is from July 2015 – June 2016 (12 months) However, for enabling the Authority to make required analysis on the basis of more updated data, the Authority has fixed the POI as 1st July 2015 to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2016 (15 Months). The injury investigation period will however cover the periods 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and period of investigation.

**J. Submission of information**

16. The known exporters in the subject country, the Government of the subject country through its embassy in India, the importers and users in India known to be concerned with

the product are being addressed separately to submit relevant information in the form and manner prescribed and to make their views known to the Authority at the following address:

**The Designated Authority,  
Directorate General of Anti-Dumping & Allied Duties,  
Ministry of Commerce & Industry,  
Department of Commerce  
4th Floor, Jeevan Tara Building, 5 Parliament Street,  
New Delhi -110001.**

17. Any other interested party may also make its submissions relevant to the investigation in the prescribed form and manner within the time limit set out below.

**K. Time limit**

18. Any information relating to the present investigation and any request for hearing should be sent in writing so as to reach the Authority at the address mentioned above not later than forty days (40 Days) from the date of publication of this Notification. If no information is received within the prescribed time limit or the information received is incomplete, the Authority may record its findings on the basis of the facts available on record in accordance with the Anti-dumping Rules.

19. All the interested parties are hereby advised to intimate their interest (including the nature of interest) in the instant matter and file their questionnaire responses and offer their comments to the domestic industry's application regarding the need to impose the Antidumping measures within 40 days from the date of initiation of this investigation

**L. Submission of Information on Non-Confidential basis**

20. In case confidentiality is claimed on any part of the questionnaire's response/submissions, the same must be submitted in two separate sets (a) marked as Confidential (with title, index, number of pages, etc.) and (b) other set marked as Non Confidential (with title, index, number of pages, etc.). All the information supplied must be clearly marked as either "confidential" or "non-confidential" at the top of each page.

21. Information supplied without any confidential marking shall be treated as non-confidential and the Authority shall be at liberty to allow the other interested parties to inspect any such non-confidential information. Two (2) copies of the confidential version and five (05) copies of the non confidential version must be submitted by all the interested parties.
22. For information claimed as confidential; the supplier of the information is required to provide a good cause statement along with the supplied information as to why such information cannot be disclosed and/or why summarization of such information is not possible.
23. The non-confidential version is required to be a replica of the confidential version with the confidential information preferably indexed or blanked out/summarized depending upon the information on which confidentiality is claimed. The non-confidential summary must be in sufficient detail to permit a reasonable understanding of the substance of the information furnished on confidential basis. However, in exceptional circumstances, parties submitting the confidential information may indicate that such information is not susceptible to summarization; a statement of reasons why summarization is not possible must be provided to the satisfaction of the Authority.
24. The Authority may accept or reject the request for confidentiality on examination of the nature of the information submitted. If the Authority is satisfied that the request for confidentiality is not warranted or the supplier of the information is either unwilling to make the information public or to authorize its disclosure in generalized or summary form, it may disregard such information.
25. Any submission made without a meaningful non-confidential version thereof or without a good cause statement on the confidentiality claim may not be taken on record by the Authority. The Authority on being satisfied and accepting the need for confidentiality of the information provided; shall not disclose it to any party without specific authorization of the party providing such information

**M. Inspection of Public File**

26. In terms of rule 6(7) any interested party may inspect the public file containing non-confidential versions of the evidence submitted by other interested parties.

**N. Non-cooperation**

27. In case any interested party refuses access to and otherwise does not provide necessary information within a reasonable period, or significantly impedes the investigation, the Authority may declare such interested party as non-cooperative and record its findings on the basis of the facts available to it and make such recommendations to the Central Government as deemed fit.

Dr. Inder Jit Singh  
Additional Secretary & Designated Authority